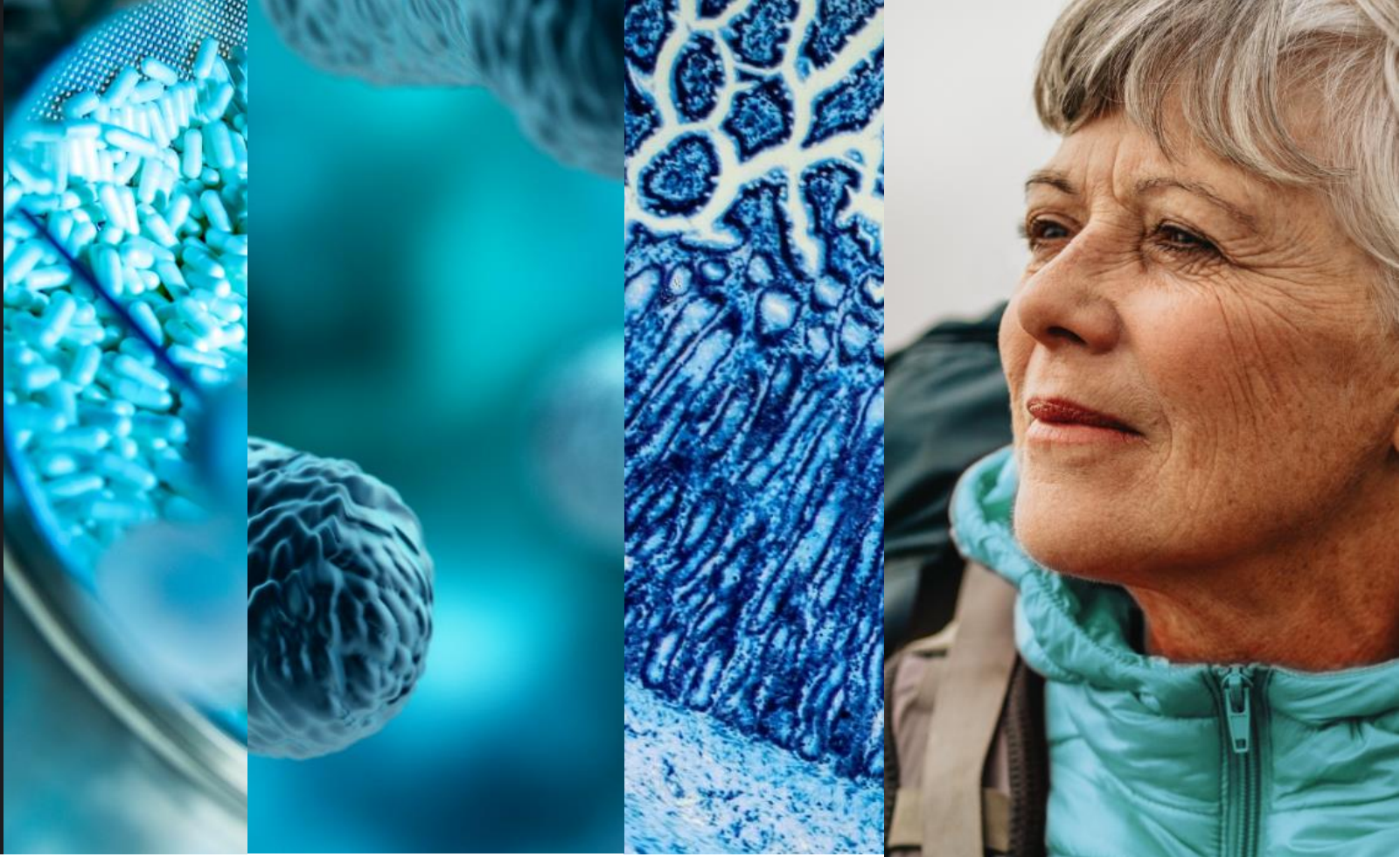




SERES[™]
THERAPEUTICS



41st Annual J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference

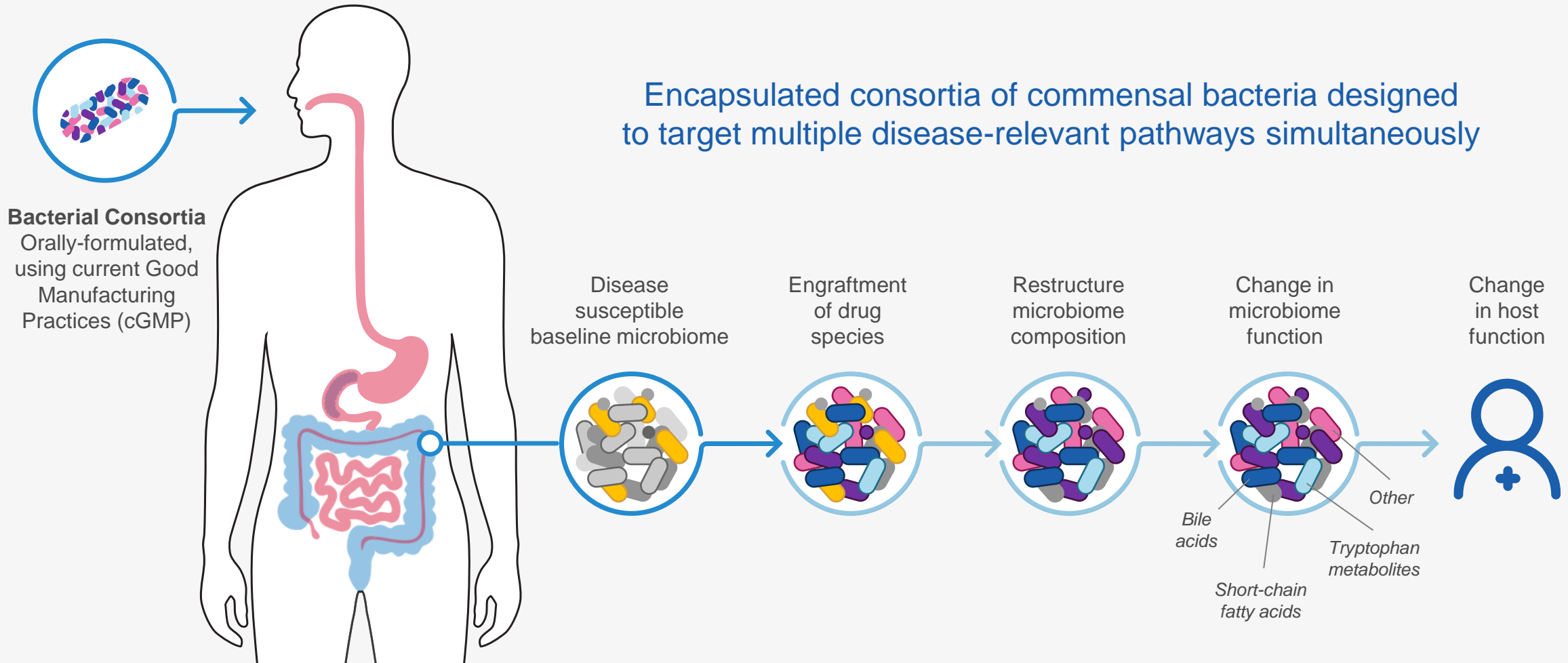
January 2023

Eric Shaff, President and
Chief Executive Officer

Forward Looking Statements

Some of the statements in this presentation constitute “forward looking statements” under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including, but not limited to the potential approval and launch of SER-109; the anticipated indication for SER-109; the anticipated supply of SER-109; the potential for microbiome therapeutics to protect against infection; the timing of clinical development; our development opportunities and plans; the ultimate safety and efficacy data for our products; the sufficiency of cash to fund operations; and other statements which are not historical fact. Such statements are subject to important factors, risks and uncertainties, such as those discussed under the caption "Risk Factors" in the Company’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on Nov. 2, 2022, and its other filings with the SEC, that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Any forward-looking statements included herein represent our views as of today only. We may update these statements, but we disclaim any obligation to do so.

Seres Mission: Transforming the Lives of Patients Worldwide with Revolutionary Microbiome Therapeutics



Strategic Priorities | Expanding Microbiome Therapeutic Leadership

Bring SER-109, potential first-in-class oral microbiome therapeutic, to recurrent CDI patients

- SER-109 BLA submission complete
- PDUFA date April 26, 2023
- Anticipated launch soon after potential FDA approval
- Co-commercialization agreement with Nestlé Health Science

Maximize opportunities in Infection Protection

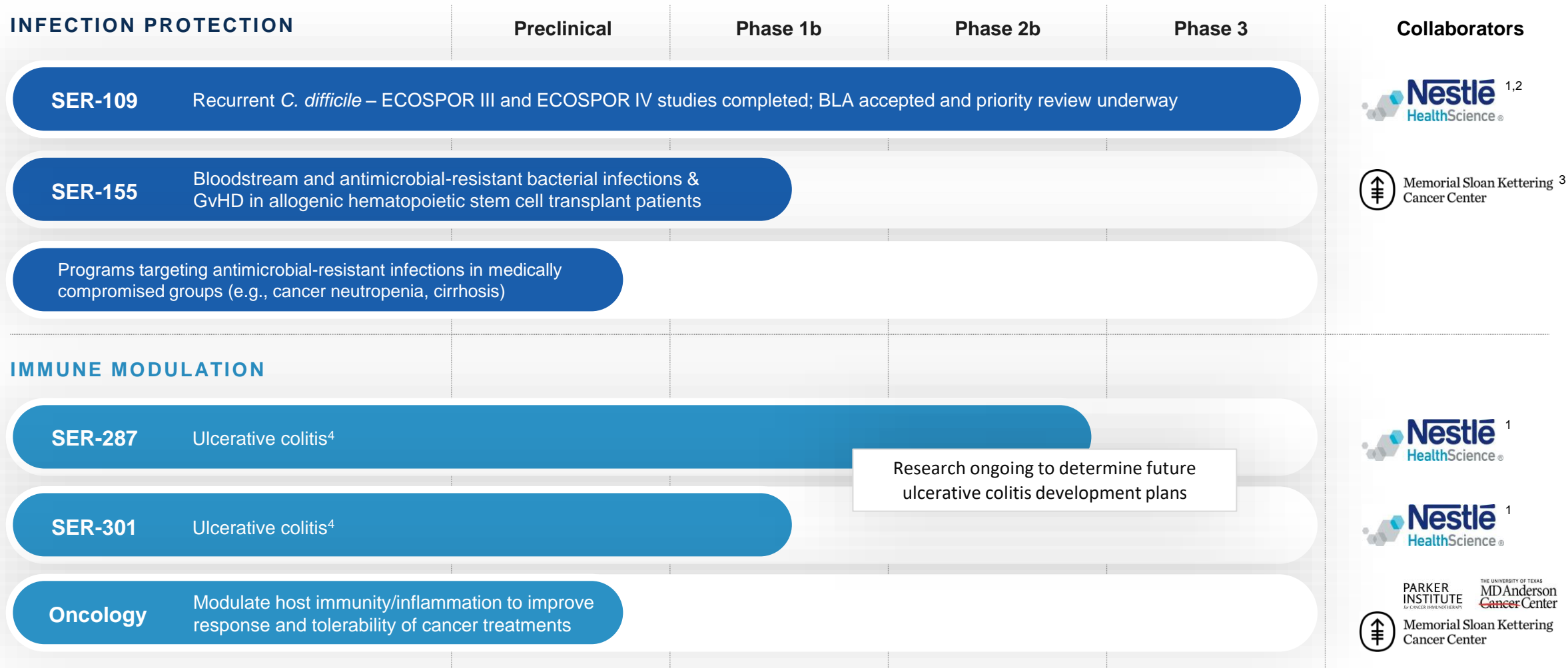
- Phase 1b to explore SER-155 in preventing bacterial infections, including those caused by organisms that harbor antimicrobial resistance, in allo-HSCT patients, and GvHD
- DSMB clearance to SER-155 Phase 1b cohort 2, based on preplanned assessment of initial safety data
- Broad preclinical portfolio for medically compromised patients, including cancer neutropenia, cirrhosis and solid organ transplant

New update

Continue research to inform further development in ulcerative colitis and immune modulation

- Potential for biomarker-based patient selection

Corporate Priority is to Advance SER-109 to FDA Approval and Execute Successful Product Launch



1. Collaboration with Nestlé Health Science, announced Jan. 11, 2016, regarding *C. difficile* and IBD programs for markets outside of North America.

2. SER-109 co-commercialization agreement for North America with Nestlé Health Science announced July 1, 2021

3. SER-155 preclinical work was supported in part by CARB-X

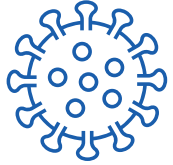
4. Translational research activities are ongoing, informed by learnings from SER-287 Phase 2b and SER-301 Phase 1b study data, to evaluate the potential to utilize biomarker-based patient selection and stratification in future clinical development efforts

SER-109 and Recurrent *C. difficile* Infection



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CDI – Urgent Public Health Threat



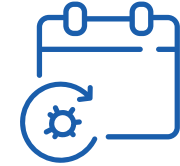
Spore-forming, toxin-producing, gram-positive, anaerobic bacteria



Symptoms include colitis and severe, watery diarrhea with **up to 15 bowel movements a day**



Acute onset of severe symptoms leads to **hospitalization** for many patients



High probability of recurrence >20%, usually within 1-2 weeks after completion of antibiotic therapy



~156K

Recurrent CDI cases estimated for 2023 (U.S.)

20,000+

CDI deaths per year (U.S.)

**CLOSTRIDIoidES
DIFFICILE**



THREAT LEVEL
URGENT



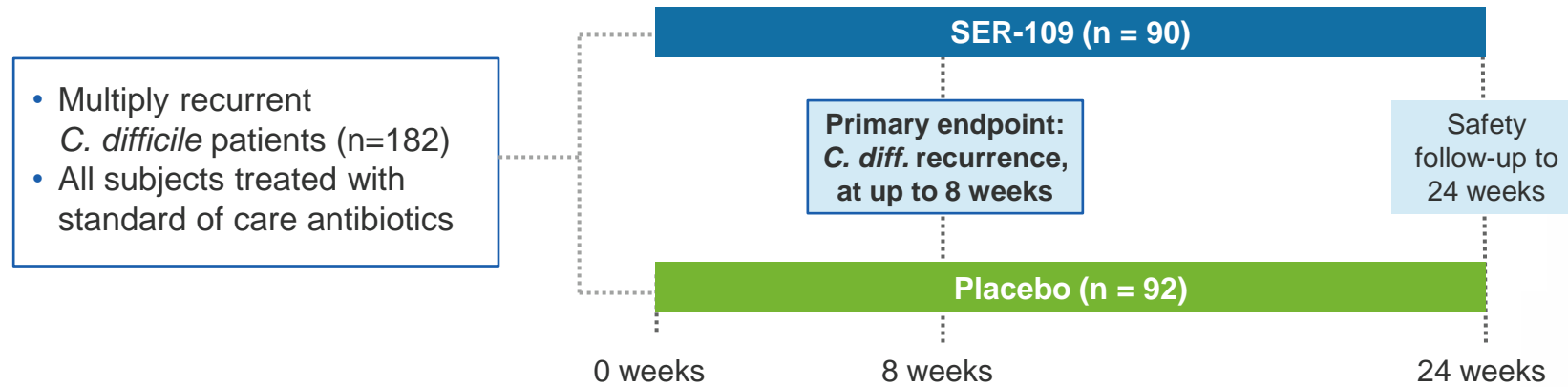
40-50%

Risk of recurrence escalates once a patient has an initial recurrence, trapping patients in a vicious cycle

1. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. *Antibiotic Resistance Threats in the United States, 2019*. US Department of Health and Human Services, CDC; 2019. doi:10.15620/cdc:82532 2. Feuerstadt P et al. *J Med Econ*. 2020;23(6):603-609. 3. Chilton CH et al. *Clin Microbiol Infect*. 2017;24(5):476-482. 4. Ofosu A. *Ann Gastroenterol*. 2016;29(2):147-154. 5. Cole SA, Stahl TJ. *Clin Colon Rectal Surg*. 2015;28(2):65-69. doi:10.1055/s-0035-1547333. 6. Wilcox MH et al. *Open Forum Infect Dis*. 2020;7(5):ofaa114. doi:10.1093/ofid/ofaa114 7. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Your risk of *C. diff*. Accessed January 28, 2022. <https://www.cdc.gov/cdiff/risk.html> 8. Jiang ZD et al. *Aliment Pharmacol Ther*. 2017;45(7):899-908. 9. McFarland LV et al. *Am J Gastroenterol*. 2002;97(7):1769-1775, <https://www.fda.gov/news-events/press-announcements/fda-approves-first-fecal-microbiota-product>.

SER-109 ECOSPOR III Study Results

TRIAL DESIGN



PRIMARY EFFICACY ENDPOINT RESULTS

Time point	SER-109 (N =89)	Placebo (N =93)	Relative risk (95%CI)	p-value (p1/p2)
	n (%) of recurrences	n (%) of recurrences		
Week 8	11 (12.4)	37 (39.8)	0.32 (0.18-0.58)	<0.001 / <0.001

Note: Sustained clinical response % is calculated as 100% minus % with recurrence

* Compared to 60% in the placebo arm

Approximately

88%

sustained clinical response rate*

SER-109 Phase 3 Results Published in Premier Journals

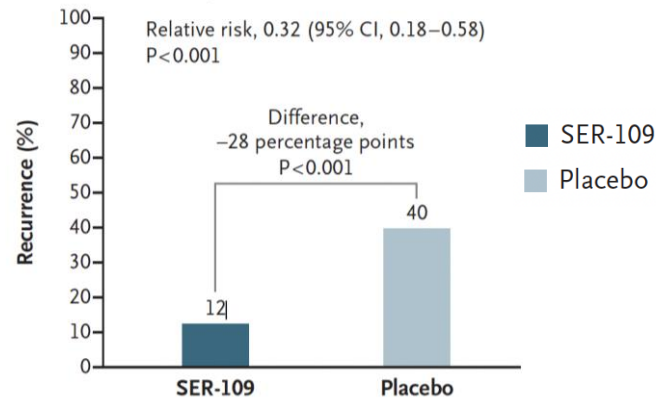


The NEW ENGLAND
JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

SER-109, an Oral Microbiome Therapy for Recurrent *Clostridioides difficile* Infection

Recurrence of *C. difficile* Infection up to 8 Weeks
(Intention-to-Treat Population).



No. of Events
No. of Patients

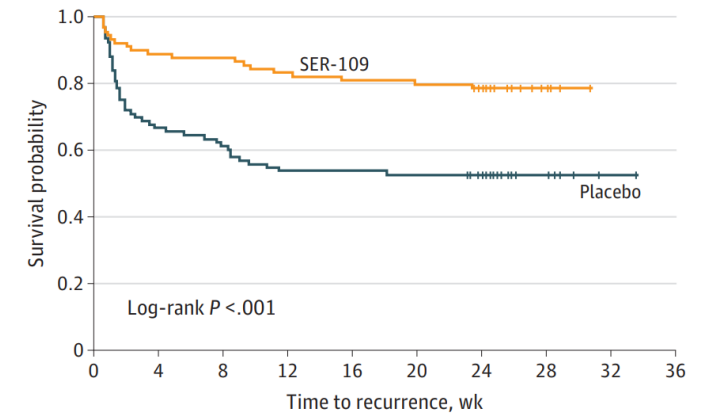
January 20, 2022

JAMA

RESEARCH LETTER

Extended Follow-up of Microbiome Therapeutic SER-109 Through 24 Weeks for Recurrent *Clostridioides difficile* infection in a Randomized Clinical Trial

Survival Function for Time to
Clostridioides difficile Infection Recurrence



No. of patients at risk

Placebo	93	62	57	50	50	49	42	6	1
SER-109	89	79	78	74	72	71	62	4	0

October 19, 2022

ECOSPOR III – Favorable Safety Profile Observed

Adverse Events (AEs) Through 8 Weeks (Safety Population) ²	SER-109 (n=90) n (%)	Placebo (n=92) n (%)
Any adverse event	84 (93)	84 (91)
Adverse event related or possibly related to SER-109 or placebo	46 (51)	48 (52)
Serious adverse event ³	7 (8)	15 (16)
Adverse event of special interest that occurred or worsened after initiation of SER-109 or placebo	1 (1)	1 (1)
Serious adverse event or an adverse event of special interest that occurred or worsened after initiation of SER-109 or placebo and was related or possibly related to SER-109 or placebo	0	0
Serious adverse event leading to withdrawal from the trial	0	1 (1)
Adverse event leading to death ⁴	2 (2)	0

1. Feuerstadt P et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2022;386(3):220-229. 2. Adverse events were coded with the use of the Medical Dictionary for Regulatory Activities, version 20.0. Adverse events of special interest included invasive infections such as bacteremia, meningitis, and abscess. 3. Many of the serious adverse events were related to the primary endpoint of recurrent *C. difficile* infection, which was more common in the placebo group than in the SER-109 group. 4. Three deaths occurred in the SER-109 group, all of which were reported by the investigator as being unrelated to SER-109; 2 of the participants had onset of fatal adverse events within the 8-week period after dosing, but only 1 of these 2 participants died during that period.

ECOSPOR IV Study (n=263) Results Extend ECOSPOR III Data

Overall safety profile through 24-week follow up:

SER-109 was well tolerated, consistent with profile observed in ECOSPOR III

Sustained clinical response rate:

91%

similar to 88% rate observed in ECOSPOR III

Sustained clinical response rate in patients with first recurrence:

94%

Seres believes that based on disease pathophysiology and overall Phase 3 results, SER-109 may provide clinical benefit across entire recurrent CDI patient population

Delivering SER-109 to Patients; PDUFA Date April 26, 2023

BLA submission

- BLA submission completed Q3 2022; acceptance confirmed by FDA Oct. 2022
- Expanded access program ongoing across multiple US sites

We are here

Priority FDA review

- Accelerated review based on Breakthrough Therapy Designation
- Orphan Drug Designation

Potential SER-109 approval and launch

- PDUFA date April 26, 2023

SER-109 May Fill an Important Unmet Need – Prevention of Recurrence

- Early and urgent intervention in the cycle of recurrence can prevent further recurrences
- SER-109 could have a unique place in the treatment algorithm, potentially transforming standard of care:
 - Reducing the need for antibiotic taper regimens and other options that do not restore the microbiome and break the cycle
 - Reducing repeated short course regimens of antibiotics alone, without subsequent microbiome restoration
 - Attractive value proposition compared to FMT-based approaches

If approved, SER-109 may serve as appropriate foundational therapy for a broad set of patients caught in the vicious cycle of recurrence

- ✓ **Demonstrated efficacy**
- ✓ **Attractive safety profile**
- ✓ **Convenient route of administration**

Well Positioned for Commercial Success

1

Highly Favorable
Product Profile,
Pending Approval

2

Substantial Market
Opportunity

3

Commercial Capabilities,
Including Manufacturing

Preparing for successful SER-109 commercial launch alongside collaborator,
Nestlé Health Science



Seres and Nestlé Health Science have Full Suite of Resources and Complementary Capabilities to Support SER-109 Launch



Market Access and Reimbursement



Specialty Product Distribution



Patient Support Services



Medical Affairs

Key Customer Relationships

Data and Insights

Commercial Infrastructure

Focusing on the Most Important Areas at Launch to Set Up SER-109 for Long Term Success, if Approved

LAND First 12 months

EXPAND >12 months

Patient Access

- Implement payer policies as quickly as possible to ease access to treatment
- Access programs to support positive early experience
- Ensure high quality HUB and partner support for patients

- Optimize patient support offerings
- Continue to address remaining access barriers



Product Choice

- Focus awareness and education efforts on highest volume HCPs
- Establish supportive ecosystems in high volume hospitals
- Patient activation strategies focused on highly engaged patients

- Expand demand generation efforts
- Broaden patient activation efforts

Well Positioned to Supply Commercial Demand at Launch and Beyond

10+ years of Investment in Technology and Facilities for anaerobic bacterial therapeutics:

- In-house GMP Manufacturing and Quality Control
- Supported by high-quality CMOs: Recipharm, PCI

Recipharm

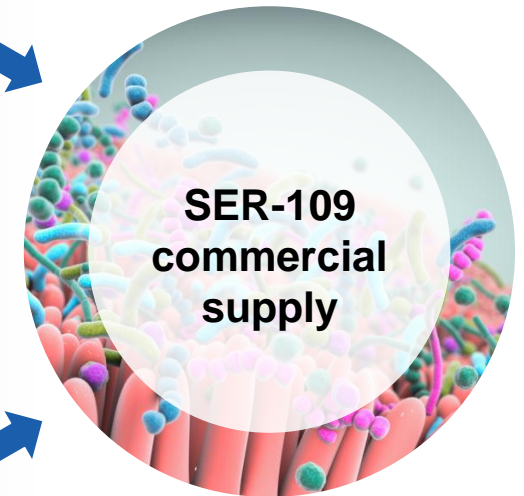
pci
PHARMA SERVICES



Bacthera collaboration provides redundancy and expands upon existing commercial supply capacity

BACTHERA

Joint venture between Chr. Hansen and Lonza with offices in Switzerland and Denmark



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SER-155 and Infection Protection Franchise

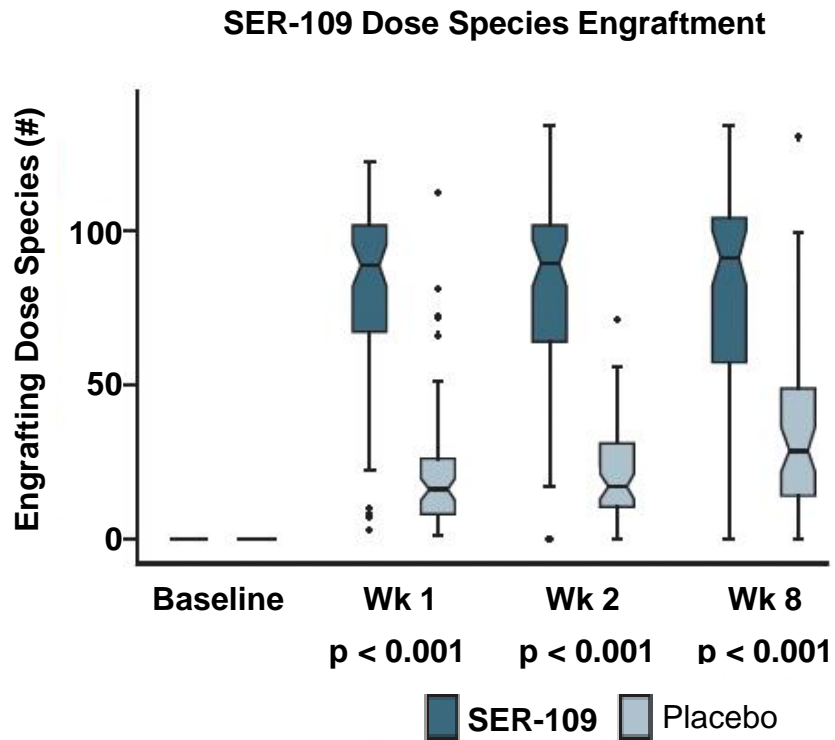


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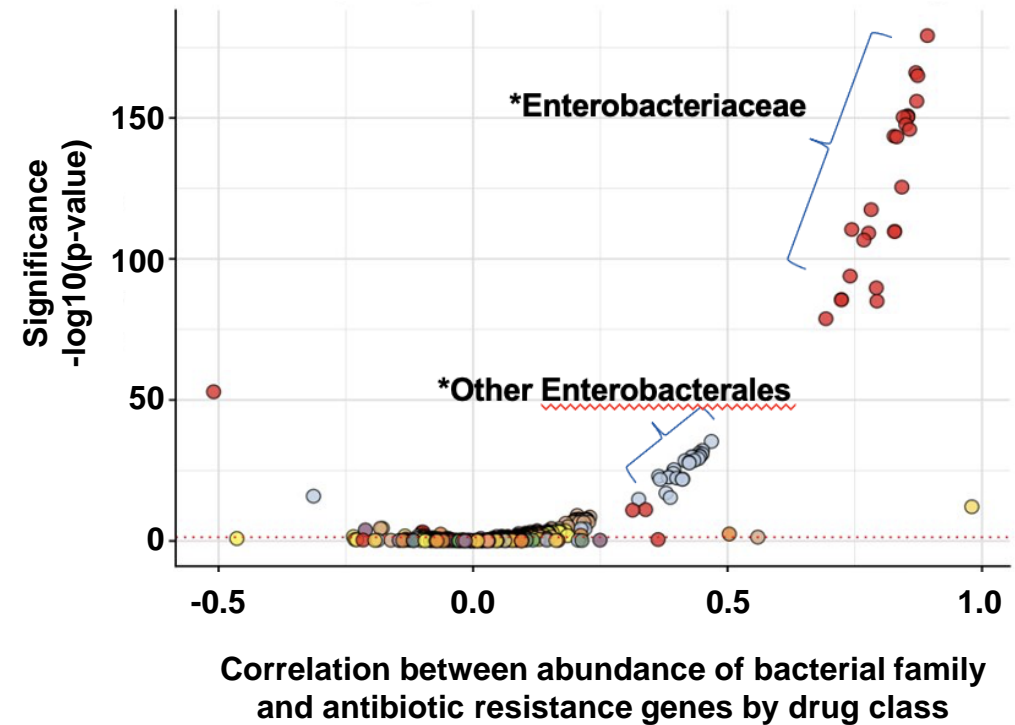
SER-109 Clinical Data Provide Proof of Concept - Restructuring the Microbiome and Reducing Pathogens



SER-109 bacteria engraft durably & rapidly to restructure microbiome



Engraftment reduces proteobacteria* associated with antimicrobial resistance genes



Antimicrobial Resistant Infections - Urgent Public Health Threat

Major burden to society



Declared “**one of the world’s most urgent threats**”



\$20 billion excess direct healthcare costs


35,000 deaths per year in US

Many high-risk patient populations

- **Allogeneic HSCT recipients** at risk for bloodstream infections
- Additional patients with **suppressed immune systems** (e.g., transplant recipients, cancer patients)
- Patients with **chronic diseases** (e.g., cirrhosis)

Limited innovation despite substantial and growing impact

Potential Novel Approach to Address Infection - SER-155 Phase 1b Study Ongoing

	SER-155
Microbiome drug type	Rationally designed, cultivated product; spore + vegetative species
Stage	Phase 1b - study ongoing
Indication	Infection, bacteremia & GvHD in HSCT for cancer
Lead Collaborator	 Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center

Phase 1b study design and objectives

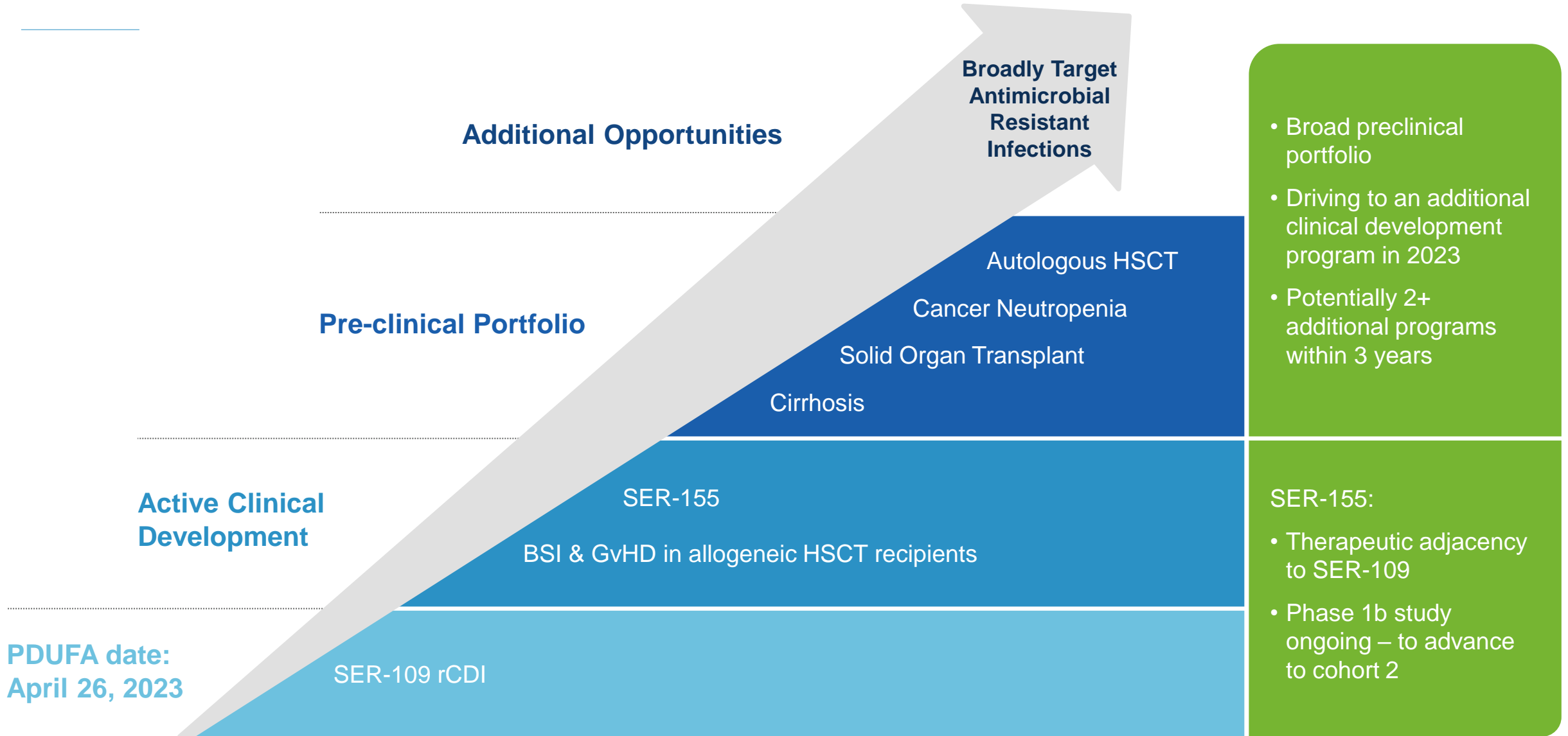
~70

patients in an open-label and a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled cohort

- To evaluate safety and tolerability before and after allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation, as well as SER-155 engraftment bacteria and efficacy of SER-155 in preventing infections and GvHD

- Based on pre-planned review of safety data with DMSB in Dec. 2022, study to advance to cohort 2
- Initial safety and pharmacological data expected in early 2023

Maximizing the Opportunity in Infection Protection and AMR



Well Positioned to Extend Microbiome Therapeutic Leadership in 2023

Potential SER-109 BLA approval and successful launch for rCDI

- BLA submission complete; FDA PDUFA target action date of April 26, 2023
- Working closely with Nestlé to prepare for commercial launch
- Producing supply to support commercial demand
- \$125M milestone payment anticipated from Nestlé upon FDA approval

Opportunities in Infection Protection

- SER-155 Phase 1b ongoing; initial safety and pharmacological data in early 2023
- Preclinical programs ongoing with potential to address large immunocompromised patient populations

Continued research in UC and microbiome therapeutic platform

- Ongoing research to inform plans for continued development in UC
- Extend industry-leading microbiome therapeutic platform capabilities

Sept. 30, 2022 cash
balance of approximately:

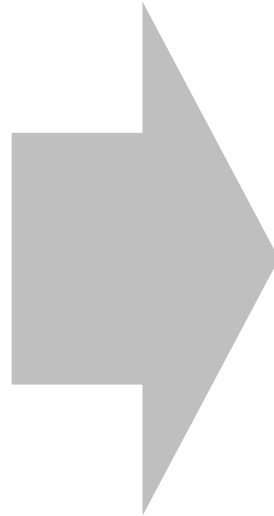
\$233 million

Continued Microbiome Therapeutic Leadership, Anticipated Compelling Growth and Value Creation

2023

Potential SER-109 BLA approval and successful launch for rCDI

Advancing opportunities in Infection Protection and other therapeutic areas



2025

- If approved, SER-109 transforming standard of care for a broad population of rCDI patients
- SER-155 in late-stage clinical development
- 2+ additional Infection Protection candidates in clinical development
- Extend industry-leading microbiome therapeutic platform